

Measurement of muonium hyperfine structure at J-PARC

- Introduction: What is muonium HFS?
- Procedure: experimental procedure of muonium HFS exp.
- Apparatus: RF system, gas system,magnetic field,detectors
- Measurement: first trial of the measurement

University of Tokyo, RIKEN

K.S. TANAKA



COLLABORATORS



Muonium Spectroscopy Experiment Using Microwave

The University of Tokyo

Y. Higashi, T. Higuchi, S. Kanda, Y. Matsuda, T. Mizutani, M. Tajima, K.S. Tanaka, H.A. Torii, Y. Ueno

KEK, J-PARC

Y. Fukao, H. Iinuma, Y. Ikeda, R. Kadono, N. Kawamura, A. Koda, K.M. Kojima, T. Miibe, Y. Miyake, K. Nagamine, K. Nishiyama, T. Ogitsu, R. Okubo, N. Saito, K. Sasaki, K. Shimomura, P. Strasser, M. Sugano, A. Toyoda, K. Ueno, A. Yamamoto, M. Yoshida

RIKEN

K. Ishida, M. Iwasaki, O. Kamigaito, D. Tomono*

(* currently at Kyoto Univ)

Osaka Univ.

M. Aoki

JAEA

T. U. Ito

Univ. of Massachusetts

D. Kawall

ICU

K. Kubo

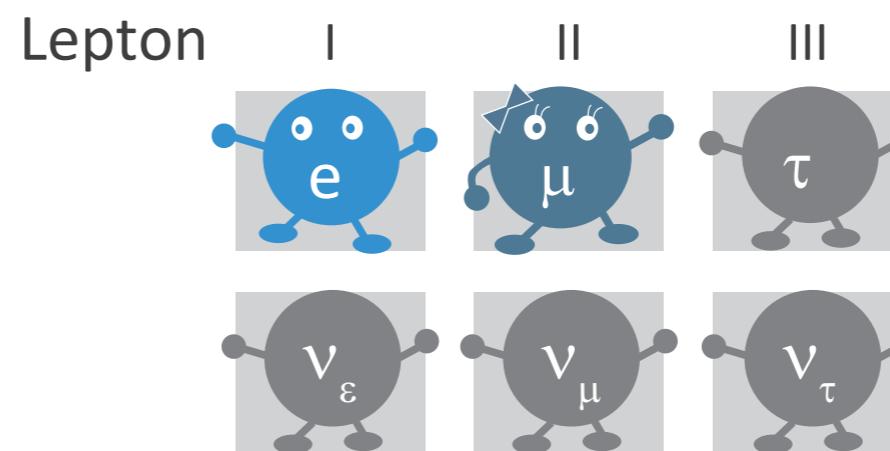
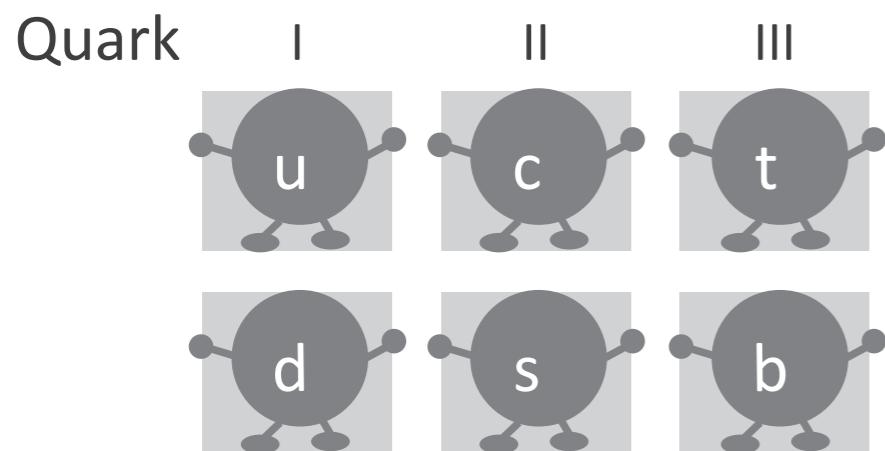
Yamanashi Univ.

E. Torikai

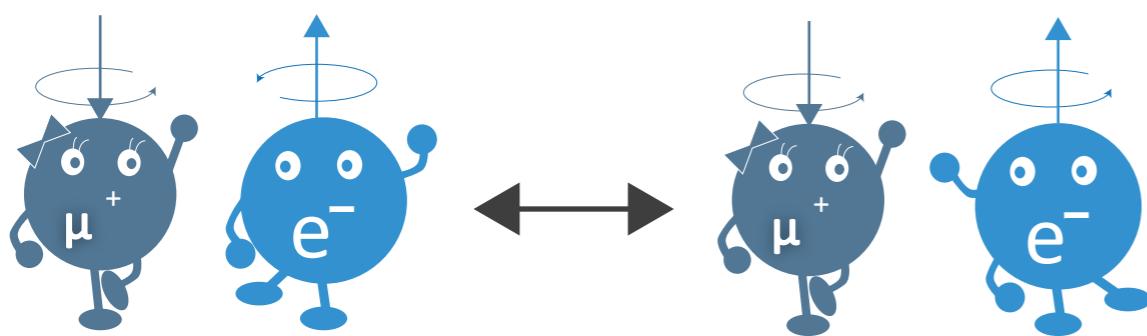


HYPERFINE SPLITTING OF MUONIUM

Muon is an elementary particle belonging to second generation of the family of Leptons



Muonium is a hydrogen-like bound state of a muon and an electron. We aim to measure its hyperfine splitting at the precision of 9 digits.



$$\Delta\nu_{\text{Mu}}^{\text{ex}} = 4.463302765(53) \text{ GHz (12 ppb)}$$

W. Liu et al., PRL, 82, 711 (1999)

at the level of a ppb precision.

HYPERFINE SPLITTING OF MUONIUM

measurement in zero field

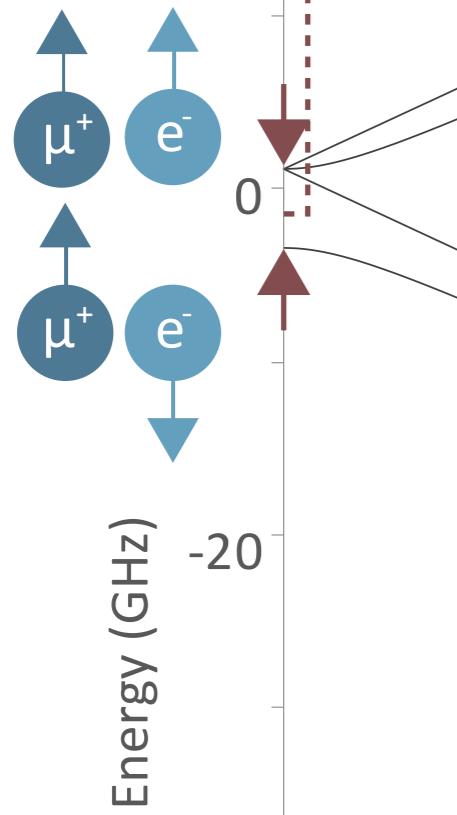
energy: ~ 4.4 GHz

magnetic field: 0 T

latest exp.: 300 ppb (1.4 kHz)

Casperson et al., Phys. Lett. B, 59, 397 (1975)

started **1 month** ago



measurement in high field

energy: ~ 1.9 GHz & ~ 2.6 GHz

magnetic field: ~ 1.7 T

latest exp.: 12 ppb (53 Hz)

W. Liu et al., PRL, 82, 711 (1999)

start in 2017

MOTIVATION

zero field experiment

directly measurement of muonium HFS
in zero field.

testing bound QED theory

$\nu_{HFS}(\text{exp.})$

$= 4\ 463.302\ 765(53) \text{ MHz}$ [12 ppb]

high field experiment

measurement of ν_{12} and ν_{34} .

$$\Delta\nu_M^{\text{ex}} = \nu_{12} + \nu_{34}$$



$\nu_{HFS}(\text{theory.})$

$= 4\ 463.302\ 891(272) \text{ MHz}$ [63 ppb]

$$\frac{\mu_\mu}{\mu_p} = \frac{\Delta\nu_{\text{Mu}}^2 - \nu^2 (f_p + 2s_e f_p \nu f_p)}{4s_e f_p^2 - 2f_p \nu (f_p)} \left(\frac{g_\mu(\text{Mu})}{g_\mu} \right)^{-1}$$

determine fundamental values

$$\mu_\mu/\mu_p = 3.18334524(37)$$

$$m_\mu/m_e = 206.768276(24)$$

g-2 experiment

from g-2 exp.: 560 ppb(BNL) \rightarrow ~100 ppb(J-PARC)

$$g - 2 = \frac{R}{\mu_\mu/\mu_p - R}$$

I-37 Tsutomu Mibe

from MuHFS exp.
170 ppb(LAMPF)

MOTIVATION

■ proton radius puzzle

- ▶ introduced in I-13 J. D. Tasson
- ▶ zemach radius can be obtained by comarpsion of hyperfine splitting of muonium and hydrogen

S. J. Brodsky, C. E. Carlson, J. R. Hiller, and D. S. Hwang. Erratum: Constraints on Proton Structure from Precision Atomic-Physics Measurements. Physical Review Letters, 94:169902, Apr 2005.

■ testing CPT and Lorentz invariance

- ▶ introduced in I-11 R. Pohl
- ▶ measurement of sidereal variation

V. W. Hughes, M. G. Perdekamp, D. Kawall, W. Liu, K. Jungmann, and G. z. Put-litz. Test of CPT and Lorentz Invariance from Muonium Spectroscopy. Physical Review Letters, 87:111804, Aug 2001.

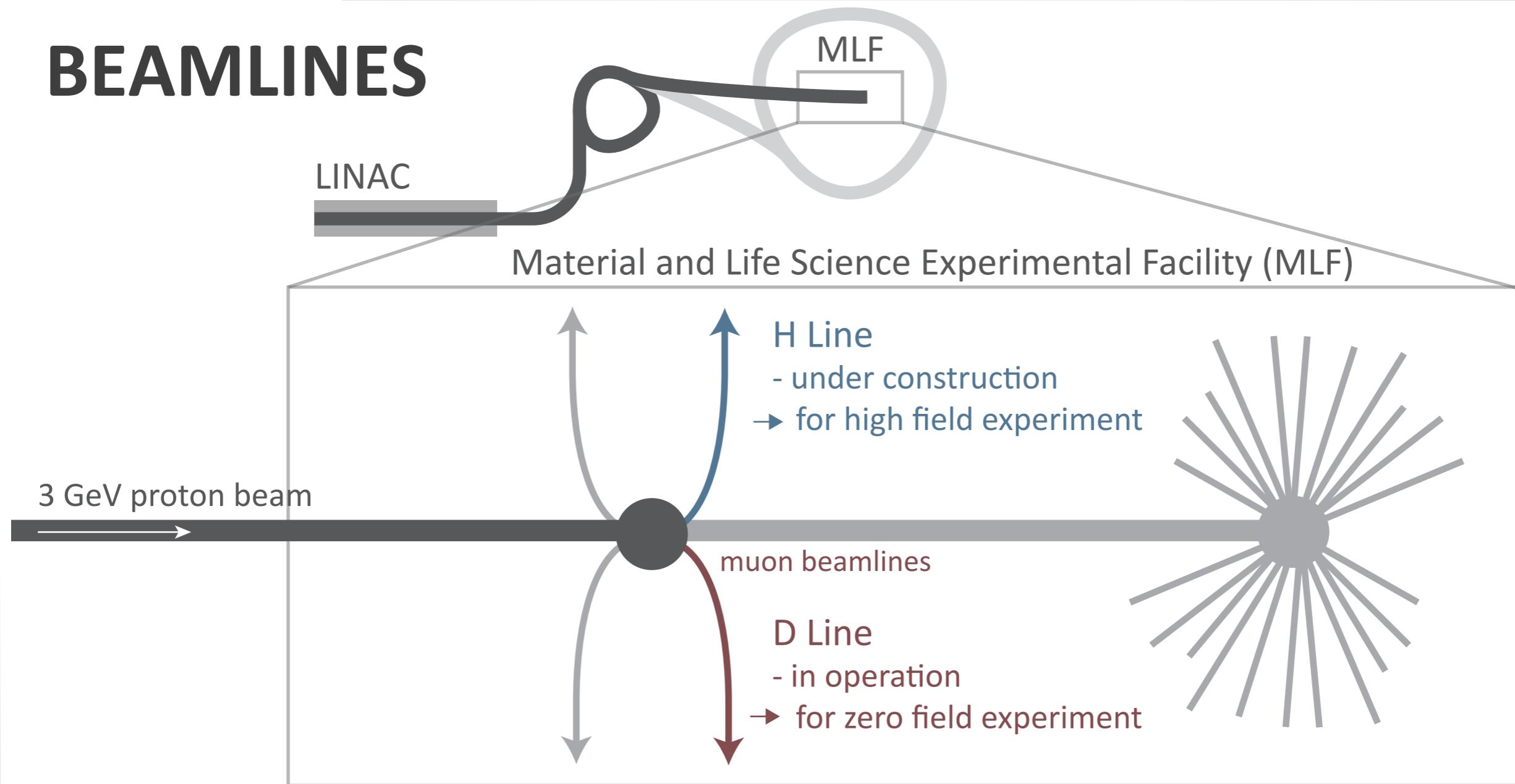
■ new light particle search

S. G. Karshenboim. Constraints on a long-range spin-dependent interaction from precision atomic physics. Physical Review D, 82:113013, Dec 2010.

S. G. Karshenboim and V. V. Flambaum. Constraint on axionlike particles from atomic physics. Physical Review A, 84:064502, Dec 2011.

S. G. Karshenboim, D. McKeen, and M. Pospelov. Constraints on muon-specific dark forces. Physical Review D, 90:073004, Oct 2014.

BEAMLINES



beamline in LAMPF (DC beam)

$$\frac{1 \times 10^7 \mu^+/s}{\text{beam intensity}} \times \frac{3.9}{\text{chopping ratio}} \approx 2.8 \times 10^6 \mu^+/s$$

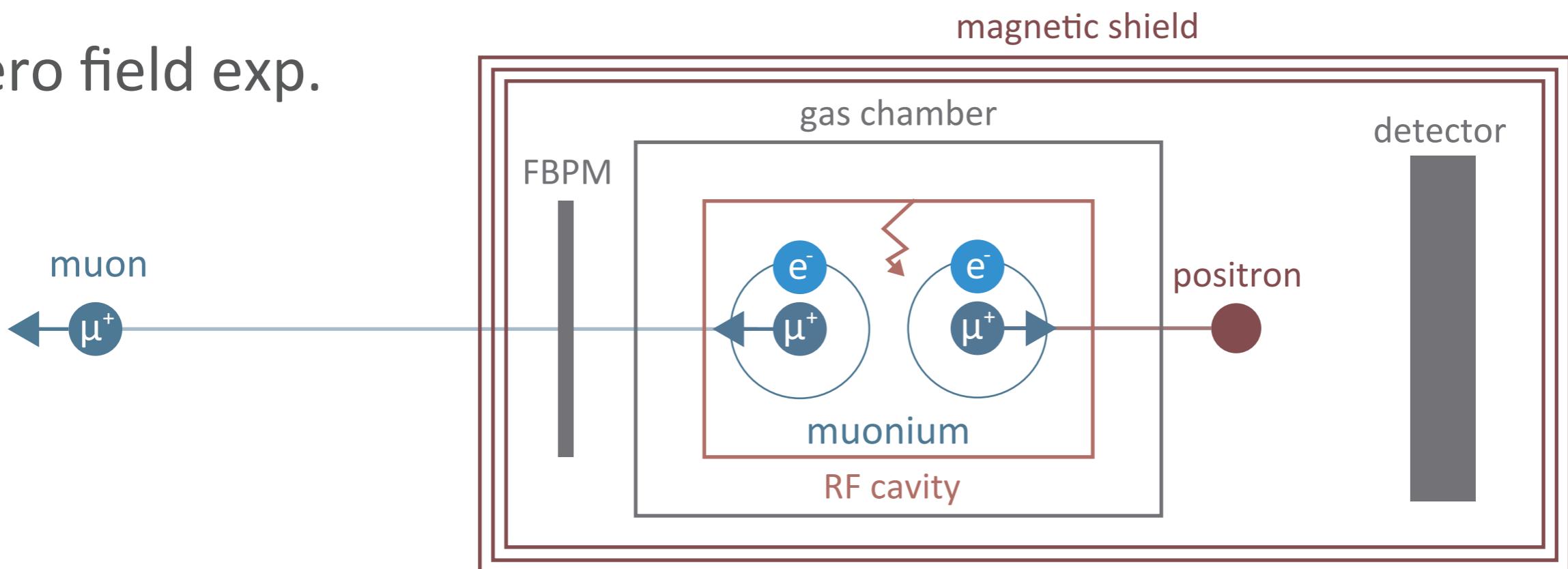


H Line (pulsed beam)

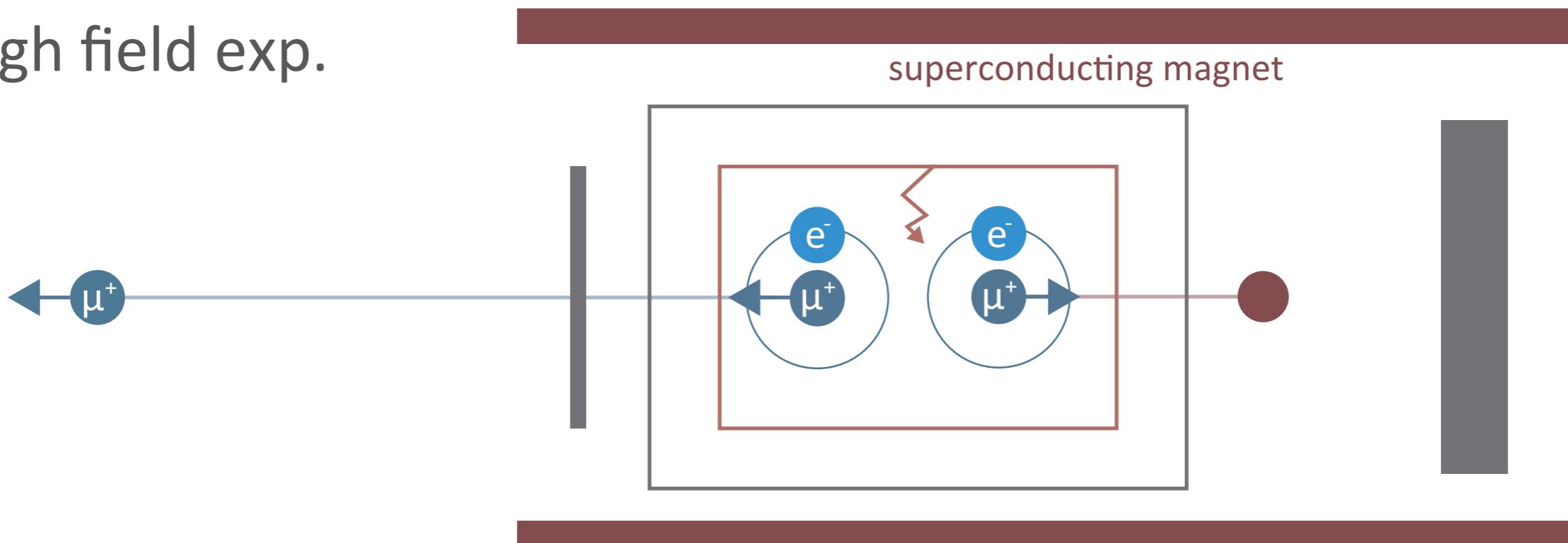
$$\frac{1 \times 10^8 \mu^+/s}{\text{beam intensity}} \times 1 \approx 1 \times 10^8 \mu^+/s$$

EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURE

zero field exp.

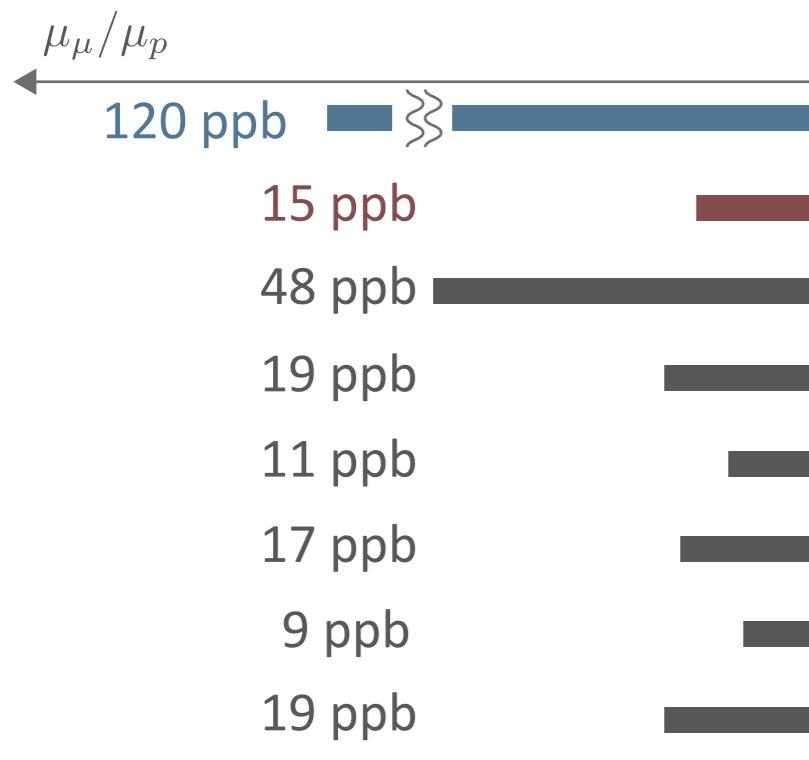


high field exp.



ESTIMATION OF UNCERTAINTIES

high field experiment



previous exp.

statistics

magnetic field

gas pressure

gas temperature

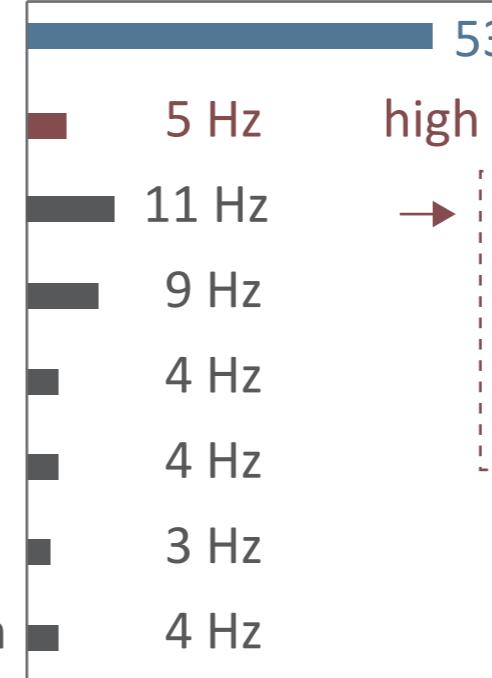
RF field fluctuation

RF power

muonium distribution

 ν_{HF}

53 Hz



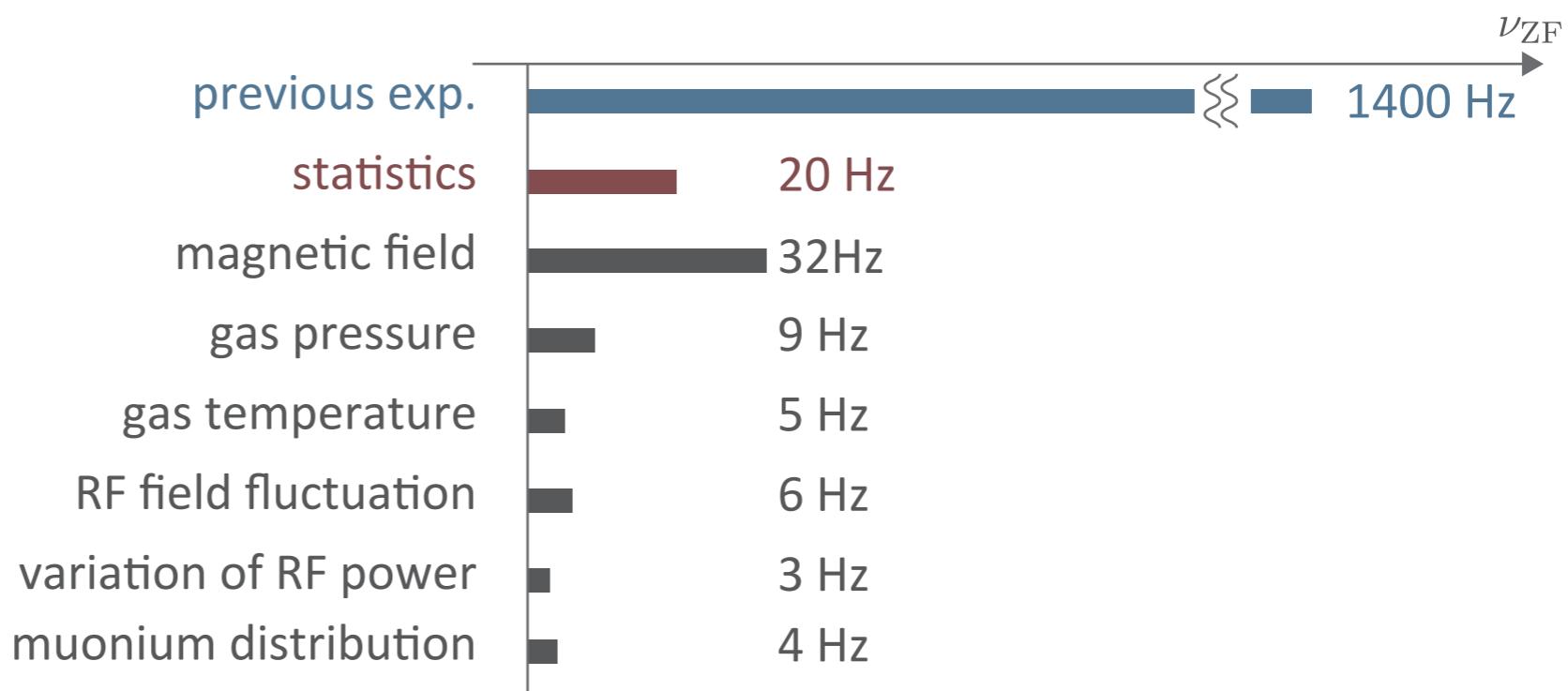
high intensity muon beam

→ measurement for 100 days

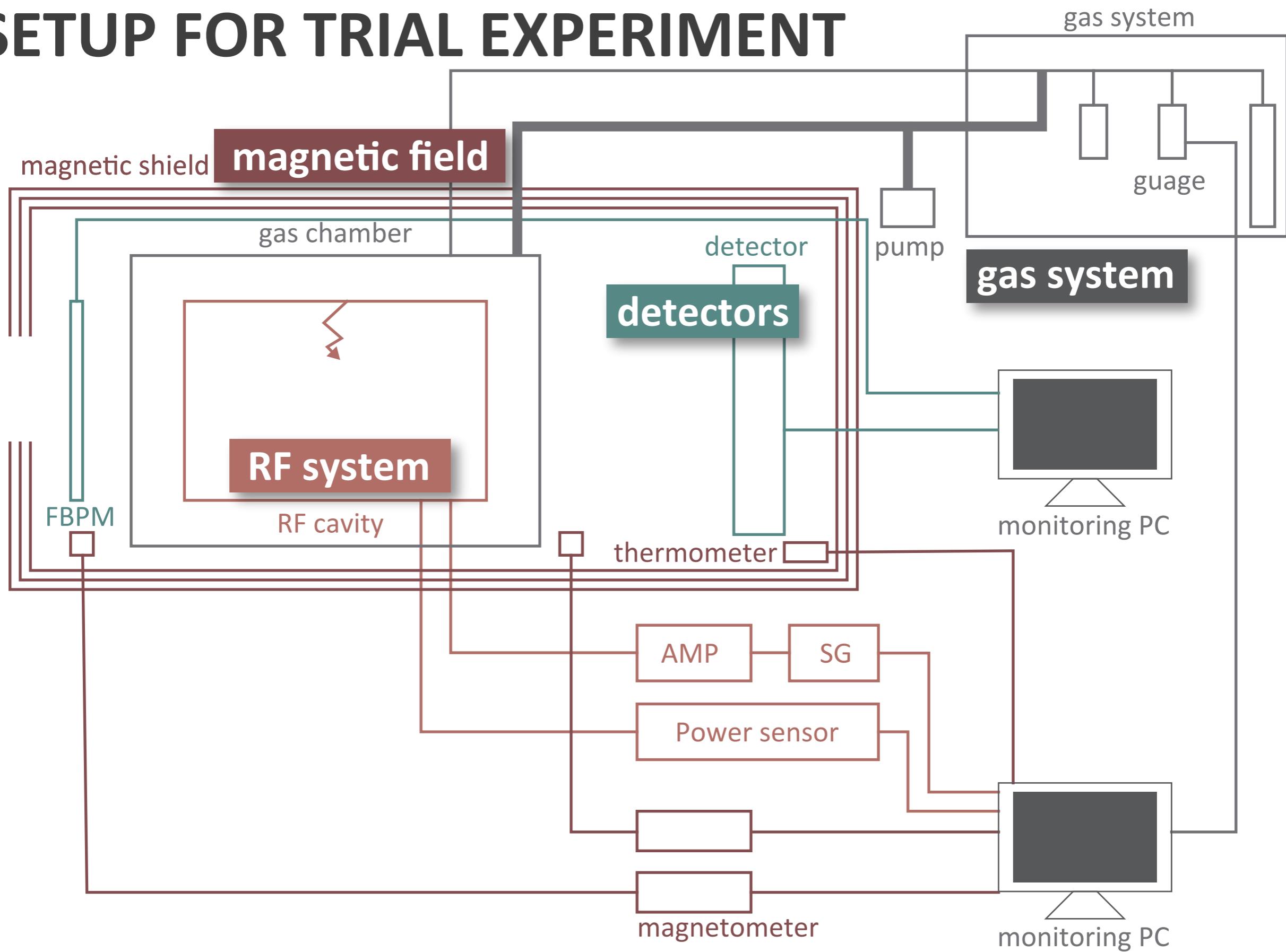
"

10 times improvement of
statsitical uncertainty.

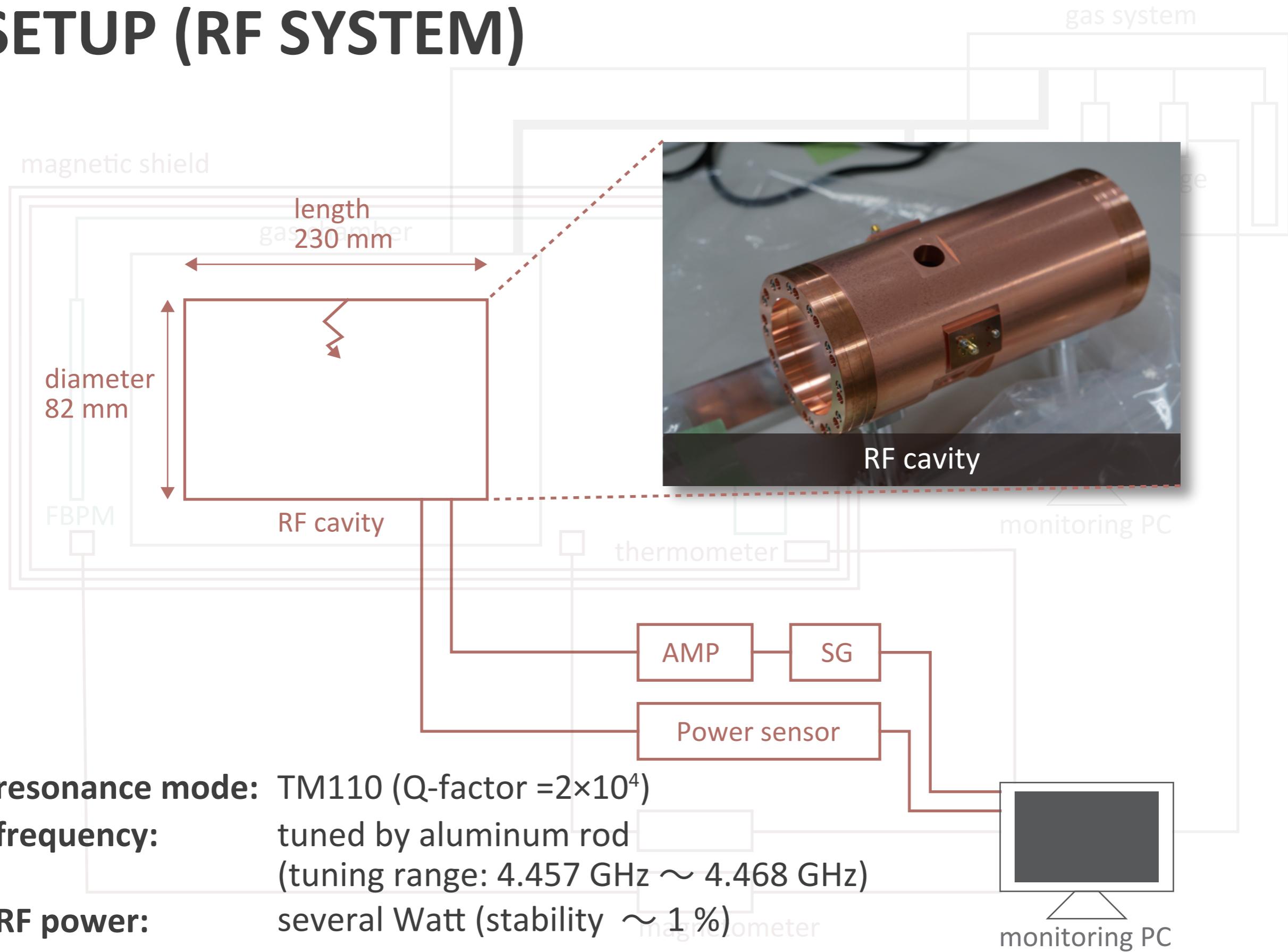
zero field experiment



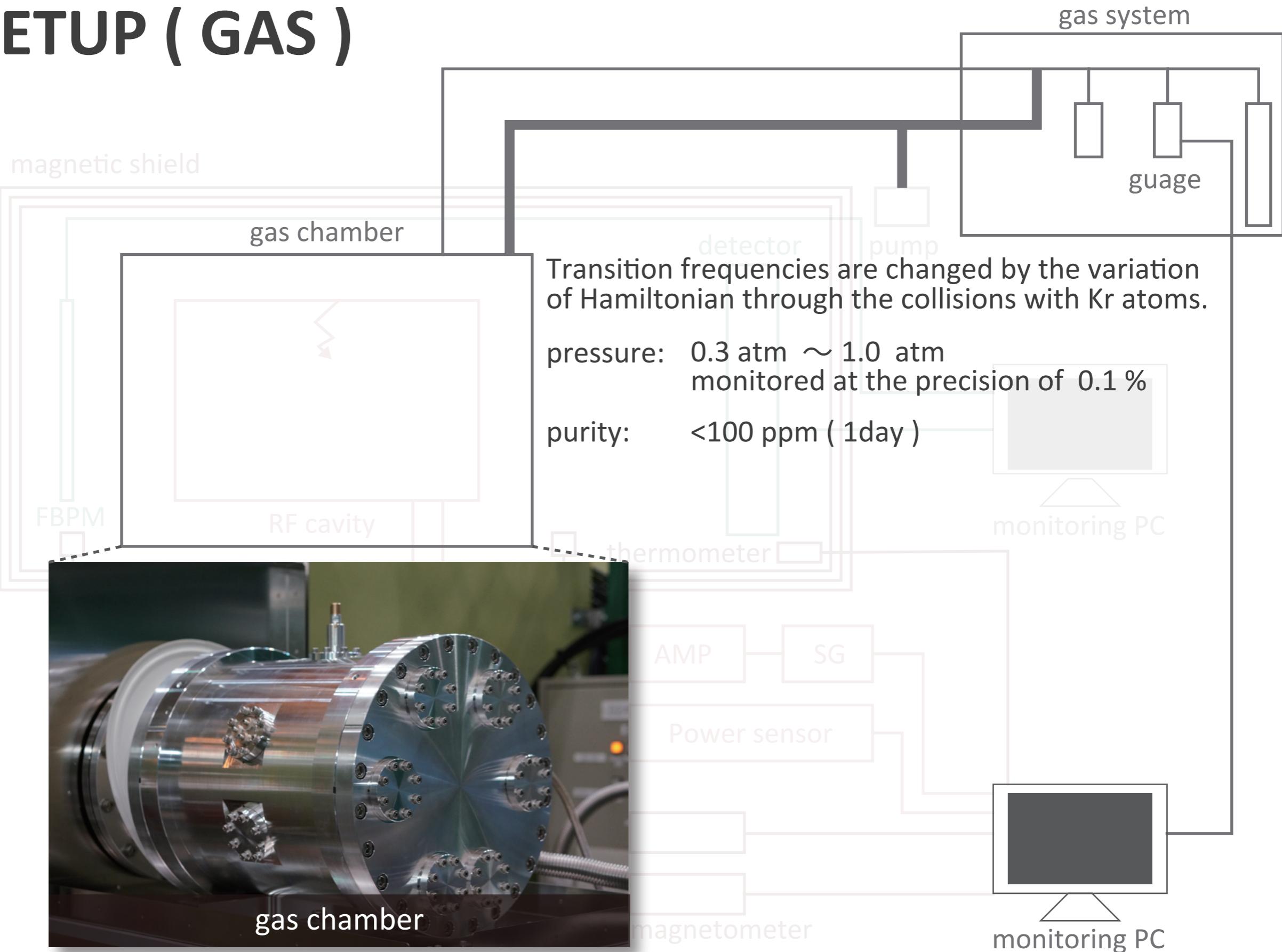
SETUP FOR TRIAL EXPERIMENT



SETUP (RF SYSTEM)



SETUP (GAS)



SETUP (MAGNETIC FIELD)

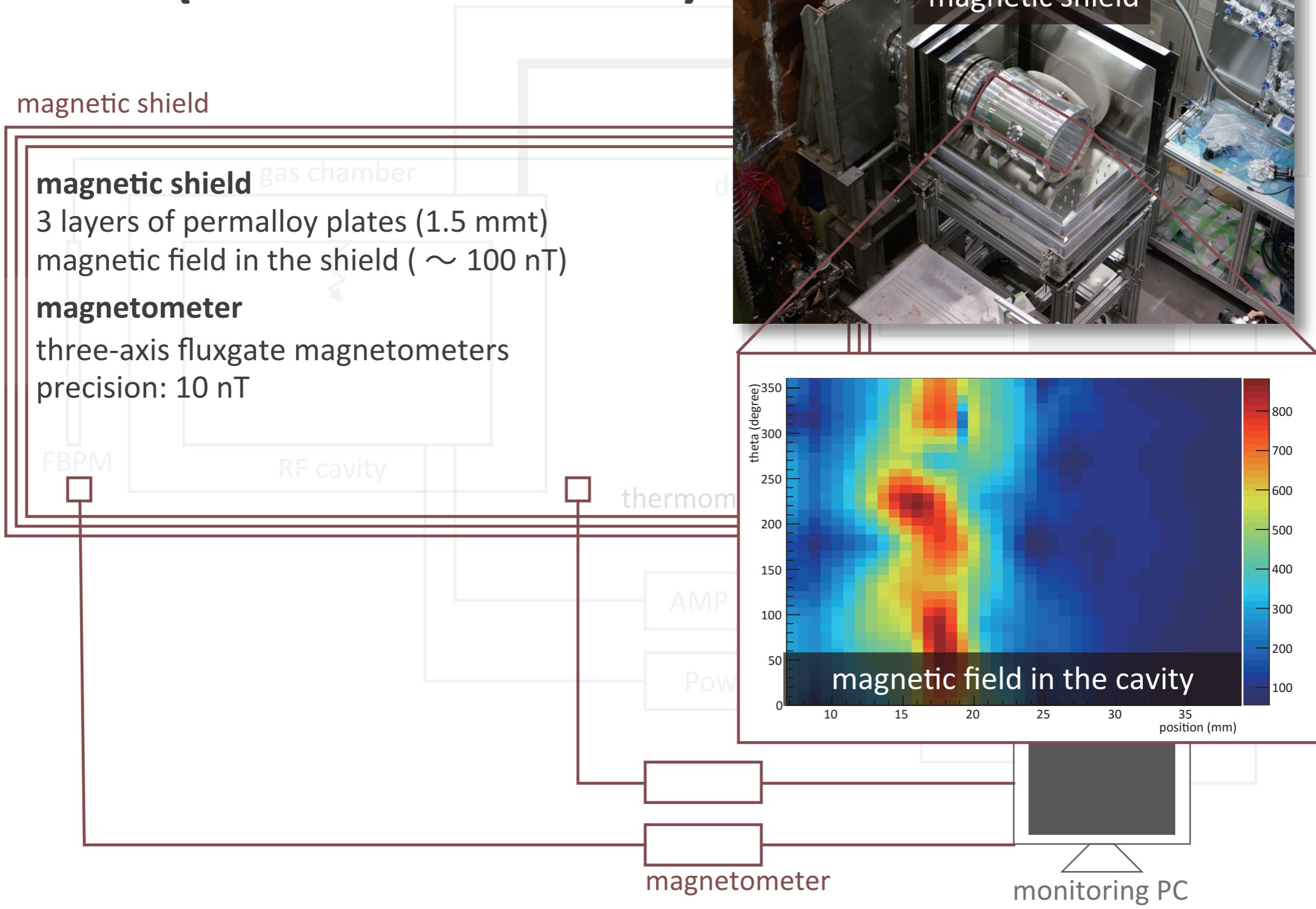
magnetic shield

magnetic shield

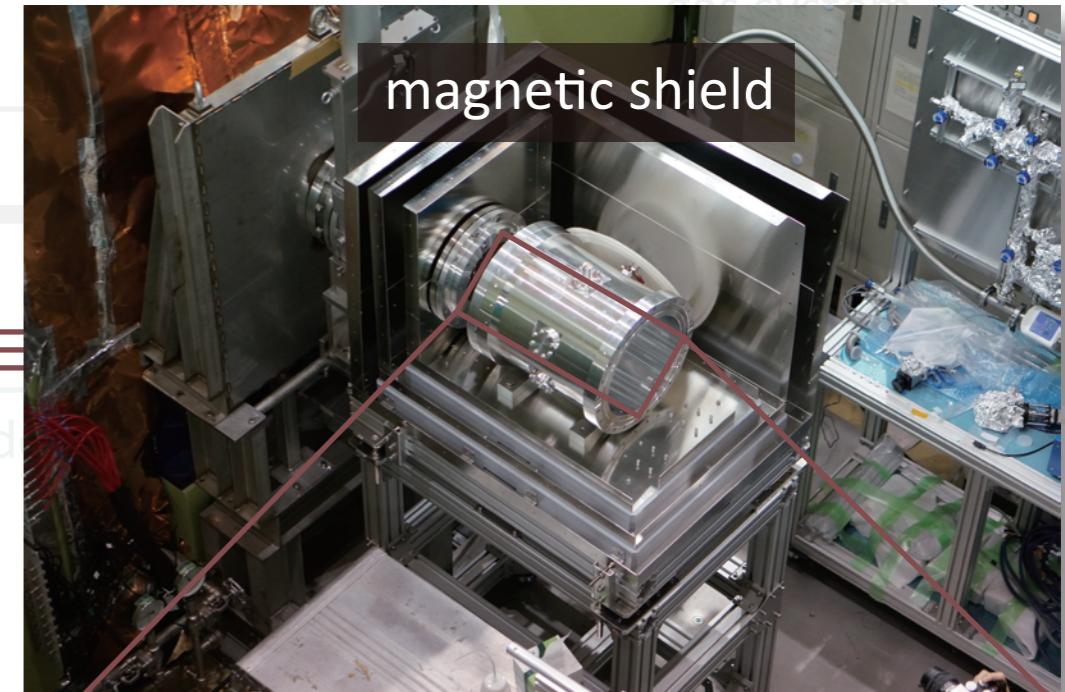
3 layers of permalloy plates (1.5 mmt)
magnetic field in the shield (~ 100 nT)

magnetometer

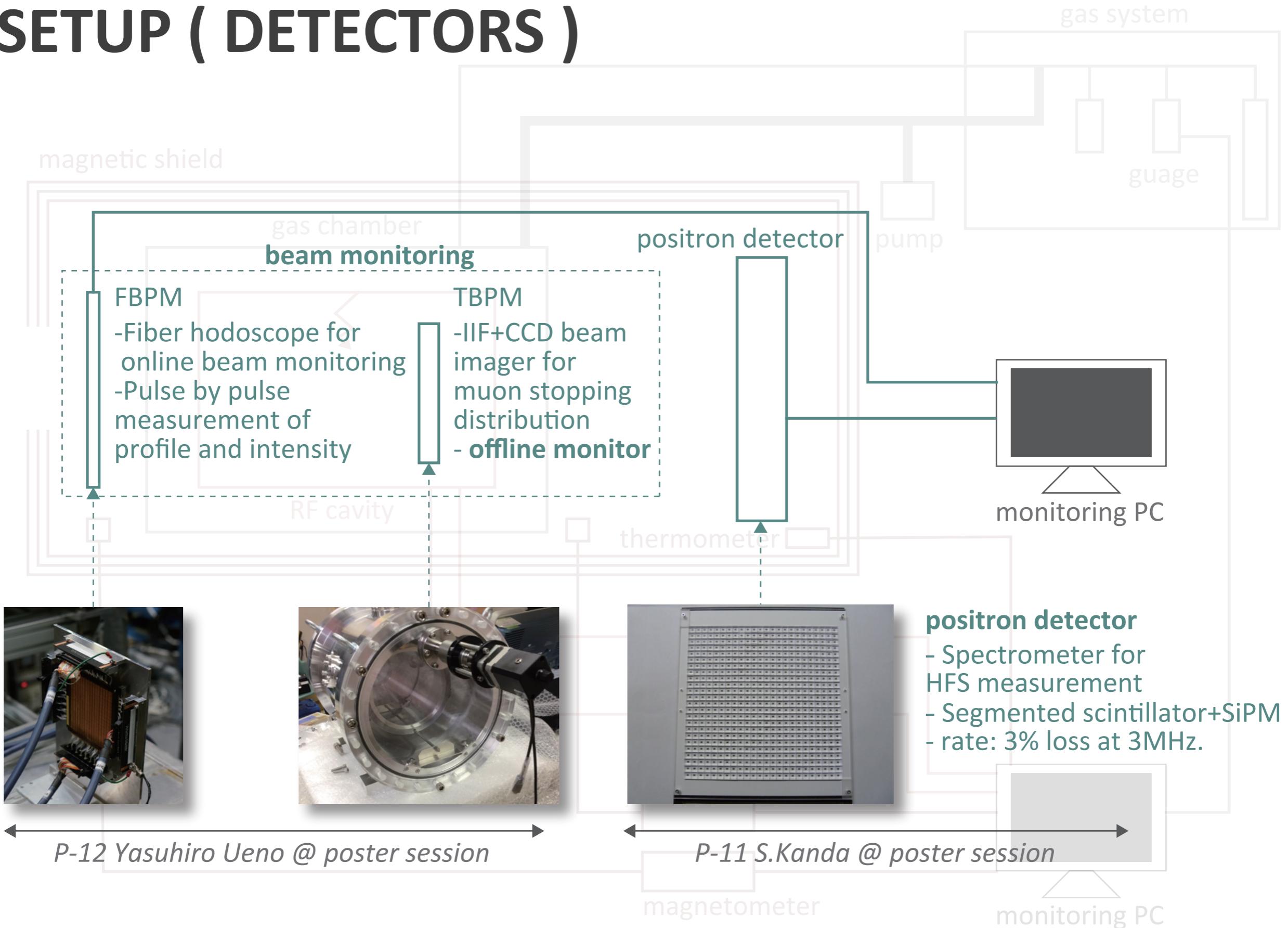
three-axis fluxgate magnetometers
precision: 10 nT



magnetic shield



SETUP (DETECTORS)



TRIAL EXPERIMENT IN ZERO FIELD

- Trial experiment is held in Feb 2016.
- under analyzing.

 All systems are worked.

- ▶ stability of the gas pressure and its purity are enough for the exp.
- ▶ Q-factor of the cavity and the stability of the RF power satisfy requirements.

 No significant sign of the resonance.

- ▶ only 30 hours of beamtime is available
- ▶ insufficient for beam tuning, detector adjustment, measurement of muon stop dist and resonance test....

schedule of Feb. 2016 experiment.

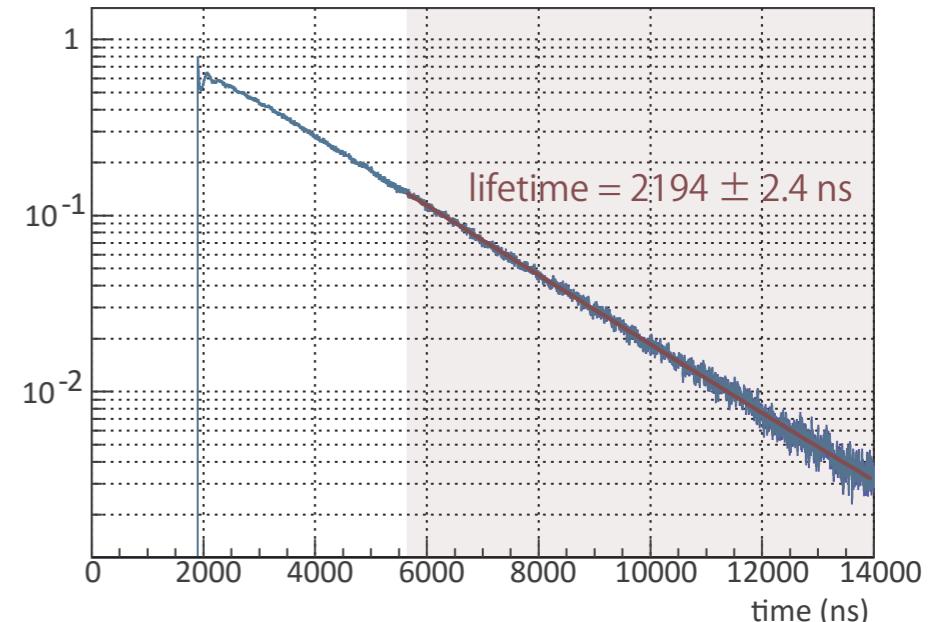
magnetic field scan(24 hours)

baking for gas chamber(12 hours)

beamtime(**30 hours**)

> 200 kW operation in D2@J-PARC

coincidence hit (RF off)



SUMMARY

- We plan to start measurement of MuHFS in zero field and high field.
- First trial measurement of MuHFS in zero field is performed in last month.
- All systems (RF, gas, magnetic field, detectors) are worked.
- We have not obtained resonance line shape yet mainly because of statistics.
- We plan to be ensured several days of beamtime which is sufficient to improve latest experiment of zero field experiment at the beginning of next fiscal year.

